HSELOF	School Readiness Goals	Assessment Indicators	PFCE Outcomes
Domains		Assessment indicators	The Outcomes
	1. Children will demonstrate a positive approach	TS Gold Objectives	Positive Parent-
APPROACHES TO LEARNING	 Children will demonstrate a positive approach to learning through self-regulation, persistence, initiative, curiosity, and creativity. Infants/Toddlers Engages with familiar adults Expresses feeling of comfort and discomfort Increases ability to attend to people, objects, and activities Looks to familiar adults for assistance with needs and emotions Begins to use pretend materials, and experiments with new activities, and objects Preschoolers Manages actions, emotions, and behaviors with increasing independence Seeks out new information and explores new play and tasks Transition to less desirable activities with support Consistently uses imagination in play and 	 TS Gold Objectives Regulates own emotions and behaviors Manages feelings Follows limits and expectations Takes care of own needs appropriately 11. Demonstrates positive approaches to learning Attends and engages Persists Solves Problems Shows curiosity and motivation Shows flexibility and inventiveness in thinking 	Positive Parent- Child Relationships: Beginning with transitions to parenthood, parents and families develop warm relationships that nurture their child's learning and development. Family Engagement in Transitions: Parents and families support and advocate for their child's learning and development as they transition to new learning environments (ex
	other creative works		environments (ex.
	2. Children will initiate and engage in the second	TS Gold Objectives	EHS to HS)
SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT	 2. Children will initiate and engage in pro-social behaviors with adults and children Infants/Toddlers Responds to the actions, sounds, and emotions of others through actions of their own Uses familiar adults for security and to initiate and build positive interactions with adults and peers. Seeks to do things for themselves Preschoolers Usually attends to adult requests and directions Able to separate from adults in familiar or repeated situations Cooperatively plays and compromises with other children. 3. Children will identify and manage emotions within themselves and begin to recognize the emotions of others. Infants/Toddlers Expresses and reacts to a broad range of emotions Modifies emotions according to the actions of adults and children 	 TS Gold Objectives Regulates own emotions and behaviors Manages feelings Establishes and sustains positive relationships Forms relationships with adults Responds to emotional cues Interacts with peers Makes friends. Participates cooperatively and constructively in group situations Balances needs and rights of self and others Solves social problems 	Family Well-Being: Parents and families are safe, healthy, and have increased financial security. Positive Parent- Child Relationships: Beginning with transitions to parenthood, parents and families develop warm relationships that nurture their child's learning and development. Family Engagement in Transitions: Parents and families support and advocate for their child's learning and development as they transition to new learning

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	 Begins to express empathy with adults and children 		environments (ex. EHS to HS).
	 Shows understanding of labels some emotional expressions Preschoolers Uses words to describe own feelings Balances own emotions with those of others to solve social problems and engage in shared activities Responds appropriately when others are distressed 		Family Connections to Peers and Community: Parents and families form connections with peers and mentors in formal or informal social networks that are supportive and/or educational and that enhance social well-being.
LANGUAGE AND LITERACY	 4. Children will use and comprehend increasingly complex and varied vocabulary. Infants/Toddlers Takes turns in verbal and non-verbal communications Explores sounds Looks at objects and people when named, communicates, and meets needs by pointing, gesturing, and babbling. Follows and responds appropriately to words and simple directions Imitates new and simple sounds and words Uses language to express questions, thoughts, needs, and responses. Preschoolers Attends to conversations of multiple exchanges Understands and follows multi-step directions Produces and organizes sentences using increasingly complex vocabulary. Children will demonstrate an appreciation of books and text, while increasing their print, alphabet knowledge, and phonological awareness. Infants/Toddlers Pretends to read books by using pictures as cues Begins to recognize numbers and letters 	 TS GOLD Objectives 8. Listens to and understands increasingly complex language. a. Comprehends language b. Follows directions 9. Uses language to express thoughts and needs a. Uses and expanding expressive vocabulary 15. Demonstrates phonological awareness a. Notices and discriminates rhyme b. Notices and discriminates alliteration c. Notices and discriminates smaller units of sound. 16. Demonstrates knowledge of the alphabet a. Identifies and names letters b. Uses letter-sound knowledge 17. Demonstrates knowledge of print and its uses b. Uses print concepts 18. Comprehends and responds to books and other texts. a. Interacts during read- aloud and book conversations c. Retells stories 	Families as Lifelong Educators: Parents and families observe, guide, promote, and participate in the everyday learning, other children at home, school, and in their communities. Positive Parent- Child Relationships: Beginning with transitions to parenthood, parents and families develop warm relationships that nurture their child's learning and development.
	 Identifies and names letters Interacts and participates in conversations about books 		

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	Uses letter and sound knowledge		
	 Notices and discriminates smaller units of 		
	sound		
	 Accurately writes letters in name 		
COGNITION	6. Children will demonstrate understanding of	TS GOLD Objectives	Positive Parent-
Including	spatial/prepositional words to identify and	11. Demonstrates positive	Child Relationships
Mathematics	discriminate numbers and shapes, and count	approaches to learning	Beginning with
Development	objects.	a. Attends and engages	transitions to
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Infants/Toddlers	b. Persists	parenthood,
and Scientific	• Shows awareness of more than one object	c. Solves problems	parents, and
Reasoning	in play	d. Shows curiosity and	families develop
	• Uses basic words to refer to changes in	motivation	warm relationships
	amounts or objects ("more" or "less")	e. Shows flexibility and	that nurture their
	 Explores how objects (initial of less) 	inventiveness in thinking	child's learning and
	they fit with other things and through	12. Remembers and connects	development.
	space (a ball under a table)	experiences	acterophienti
	 Recognizes and matches basic shapes 	a. Recognizes and recalls	Families as Lifelong
	Preschoolers	b. Makes connections	Educators: Parents
		13. Uses classification skills	and families
	 Uses words to count and counts objects 		observe, guide,
	with a beginning understanding that the	14. uses symbols and images to	promote and
	last number represents how many in the	represent something not present	participate in
	set.	a. Thinks symbolically	everyday learning,
	Recognizes small sets without counting	b. Engages in sociodramatic	other children at
	Adds or subtracts small collections of	play	home, school, and
	objects, using manipulatives or fingers,	20. uses number concepts and	in their
	with or without adult support	operations	communities.
	7. Children will engage in discovery through		communities.
	exploration and observation (predictions,		Families as
	reasoning, problem solving, cause and effect, etc.)		Learners: Parents
	Infants/Toddlers	their quantities 21. Explores and describes spatial	and families
	 Engages in simple repeated actions to 	relationships and shapes	advance their own
	reach a goal or solve a problem (reaching,		
	rolling, dropping object(s)).	a. Understands spatial relationships	learning interests
	 Explores similarities and differences 	•	through education,
	between objects and people	b. Understands shapes	training, and other
	 Matches objects by similar or related 	22. Compares and measures	experiences that
	characteristics, such as shapes, colors, or	23. Demonstrates knowledge of	support their
	size or putting a toy bottle with a baby doll	patterns	parenting, careers,
	Makes simple predictions about what will		and life goals.
	happen next in routines and stories		
	Understands some cause and effect		
	relationships (cup spilling, tower falling)		
	Preschoolers		
	• Tells others about past experiences and		
	repeats simple rules about expected		
	behaviors		
	• Fills in, extends, or creates patterns with		
	objects, sounds, and movements.		
PERCEPTUAL	8. Children will demonstrate control of large	TS GOLD Objectives	Family Well-Being:
MOTOR AND	muscles for movement, navigation, and balance.	1. Regulates own emotions and	Parents and families
	Infants/Toddlers	behavior	are safe, healthy,
PHYSICAL	mantoriodalero		are sure, neartiny,
DEVELOPMENT			

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• Explores new body positions and c. Takes	c. Takes care of own needs	and have increased
movements (kicking, rolling, sitting, or	appropriately	financial security.
crawling)		
 Transitions from crawling to walking 	5. Demonstrates balancing skills	Positive Parent-
Preschoolers	a. Sits and stands	Child Relationships:
• Demonstrates more coordination and	b. Walks on Bean	Beginning with
balance while moving (ex. Running,	c. Jumps and Hops	transitions to
hopping, jumping, kicking, catching, and		parenthood,
riding a tricycle)	7. Demonstrates fine motor	parents and families
9. Children will demonstrate fine motor strength	strength and coordination	develop warm
and coordination.	a. Uses fingers and hands	relationships that
Infants/Toddlers	b. Uses writing and drawing	nurture their child's
• Uses simple actions to explore objects	tools	learning and
 Adjusts grasp to use tools for different 		development.
purposes		
Preschoolers		Families as Lifelong
• Performs tasks that require more complex		Educators: Parents
hand-eye coordination (ex. cutting,		and families
writing, buttoning, and stringing beads)		observe, guide,
		promote and
		participate in the
		everyday learning,
		other children at
		home, school, and
		in their
		communities.